

DEV/FH/18/013

Development Control Committee 1 August 2018

Planning Application DC/17/2588/FUL – Garage Areas, Peterhouse Close, Mildenhall

Date 22.12.2017 **Expiry Date:** 16.02.2018 (EOT

Registered: until 22.08.2018)

Case Gary Hancox Recommendation: Refuse

Officer:

Parish: Mildenhall Ward: Great Heath

Proposal: Planning Application - 8no. dwellings and 53no. parking spaces

(following demolition of 61no. garages)

Site: Garage Areas, Peterhouse Close, Mildenhall

Applicant: Mr Lee Webster - Flagship Housing Developments Ltd

Synopsis:

Application under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and the (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Act 1990 and Associated matters.

Recommendation:

It is recommended that the Committee determine the attached application and associated matters.

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Background:

The application comes before the Development Control Committee as it one of five applications across five sites totalling 41 dwellings raising issues of significant concern to local residents.

Mildenhall Parish Council object to the proposal and the application is recommended for REFUSAL.

1. This application is one of five similar applications submitted concurrently by Flagship Housing Group for the development of 41 affordable dwellings. The sites currently contain lock-up garages and generally, these garages are underused and in a poor state of repair. The applications seek their complete demolition and replacement with new dwellings and additional parking spaces. The applicants comment that;

'Over the past few years the demand for garages in some locations has fallen and there are now numerous vacant garages across the sites, some in poor condition. Flagship is therefore looking at alternative nearby sites where parking can be provided that is likely to be better used. The proposed redevelopment provides an opportunity to enhance the appearance of the area, and to build more affordable homes for local people.'

2. The proposed housing at Mildenhall will be 100% affordable, and will be owned and maintained by Flagship Housing Group. The application sites are located within the built-up area of Mildenhall. The combined site area is approximately 1ha.

Proposal:

3. This application proposes 8 new dwellings and 53 parking spaces across 3 closely related sites. The dwellings comprise four 1 bed houses, two 2 bed houses and two 3 bed houses.

Application Supporting Material:

- 4. The following plans and documents have been submitted with this application:
 - Plans, elevations and layout drawings
 - Parking Surveys and reports
 - Ecology survey
 - Tree survey and AIA's
 - Site Investigation reports
 - Acoustic design statement
 - Design and access statement
 - Planning statement

Site Details:

5. Peterhouse Close is located off College Heath Road close to the Forest Heath District Council offices. The area comprises ex-local authority 2 storey terrace houses. The application covers 3 small sites containing a total of 61 single storey brick built lock-up garages. All the sites are surrounded by existing development.

Planning History:

6. None recent.

Consultations:

- 7. <u>Public Health and Housing</u> no objection.
- 8. Environment Team No objection subject to appropriate conditions.
- 9. <u>Planning Policy</u> The sites are located inside the settlement boundary on previously developed land. The provision of 41 additional affordable dwellings will contribute to the supply of housing in the area, and if offered by the applicants and appropriately secured this will address a local housing need. Suitable mitigation measures are being put in place to manage the impacts of local noise from RAF Mildenhall on local residents, and also to improve local outdoor spaces, to protect the Breckland SPA and the habitats of proximate protected species from recreational impacts arising from the developments proposed.
- 10. The fundamental SCC Highway objection should be addressed in order for the applications to comply with policies DM45 and DM46. If additional evidence is supplied that satisfactorily addresses the present strong SCC Highways objection, then an updated policy position may be provided.
- 11. <u>Strategic Housing</u> supports the above application for the redevelopment of the garage site at Peterhouse Close, Mildenhall as it will help to satisfy a local housing need, make better use of an underused site and will help create a safer environment.
- 12. <u>SCC Highways</u> Refuse. The highway authority has requested the applicant provide sufficient off-street parking to serve the proposed development and retain the existing off-street parking provision. The applicant has not done this and therefore we feel if this application were to be approved it would lead to a severe impact on the highway due to obstructive and inconsiderate parking which would affect all users including emergency service vehicles and pedestrians.
- 13. <u>MOD (Noise)</u> No objection. Recommend appropriate conditions to ensure adequate amenity inside the dwellings.
- 14. Natural England No objection. Based on the plans submitted, Natural England considers that the proposed developments, alone and in-combination, are not likely to have significant adverse impacts on Breckland Special Protection Area (SPA), Breckland Forest Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) and Breckland Farmland SSSI and therefore has no objection to any of the applications. However we draw your attention to our comments regarding the need for appropriate onsite and strategic green infrastructure to protect the forest elements of Breckland SPA from cumulative recreational impacts.

- 15. <u>Ecology, Landscape & Tree Officer</u> No direct effects have been identified, and likely significant effects from disturbance and other urban edge effects from construction and occupation of dwellings can be ruled out for the plan alone and in-combination with other developments. There are unlikely to be recreational effects arising from the developments alone.
- 16. In relation to in-combination recreational effects, a proportionate contribution to improvements to local greenspace in the vicinity of the sites would be sufficient to avoid and reduce recreation pressure such that there will be no adverse effect on the integrity of the SPA, cumulatively with other projects and plans.
- 17. <u>SCC Planning Obligations</u> request contributions towards enhanced Pre-school and Primary provision based on the cumulative impact of development across five application sites.

Representations:

- 18. Mildenhall Parish Council Object.
 - Over development of the area
 - Removing of the original parking areas and replacing with less parking bays which will make the parking worse (Members noted that the public were parking on pavements) With the proposed increase in houses it was deemed that parking allowances were insufficient
 - Access for Emergency vehicles will still be limited
 - No allowance for the elderly to park near to where they live.
 - No allowance for extra wide parking bays for disabled with wheel chairs or parents with prams.
 - Some garages are too small for some modern cars.
 - Potential for overflowing sewerage does not appear to have been addressed.
- 19. Local residents 28 individual letters of objection received
 - Loss of privacy (to no. 43 Peterhouse Close)
 - Aggravate an existing parking problem
 - The parking survey does not reflect the severity of the parking problems in the area. The proposed 105 spaces will only cover existing need.
 - Cars parked on pavements and precariously on corners
 - Parking during evenings and weekends is a big problem
 - Garages should be refurbished and kept
 - Access for ambulance and fire services is unsafe due to congestion
 - Water utilities need updating
 - Increased population will promote poor security and criminality
 - Garages currently available to rent close to houses, alternative garages will be too far away to use
 - Too much pressure on an already overcrowded parking situation
- 20. (Note: the above is only a summary of the key objections to the development from local residents. The full objections can be viewed on the Council's website.)

Policy:

21. The following policies of the Joint Development Management Policies Document and the Forest Heath Core Strategy 2010 have been taken into account in the consideration of this application:

Forest Heath Core Strategy 2010

- CS1 Spatial Strategy
- CS2 Natural Environment
- CS4 Reduce Emissions, Mitigate and adapt to future Climate Change
- CS5 Design Quality and Local Distinctiveness
- CS9 Affordable Housing
- CS13 Infrastructure and Developer Contributions

Joint Development Management Policies Document 2015

- DM1 Presumption in favour of sustainable development
- DM2 Development Principles and Local Distinctiveness
- DM6 Flooding & Sustainable Drainage
- DM7 Sustainable Design & Construction
- DM10 Impact of Development on Sites of Biodiversity and Geodiversity Importance
- DM12 Mitigation, Enhancement, Management and Monitoring of Biodiversity
- DM14 Protecting and Enhancing Natural resources, Minimising Pollution and Safeguarding from Hazards
- DM22 Residential Design
- DM45 Transport Assessments and Travel Plans
- DM46 Parking Standards

Other Planning Policy:

22. National Planning Policy Framework (2012)

Emerging Development Plan Policy:

Proposed Submission Site Allocations Local Plan (January 2017):

- 23. The Proposed Submission Single Issue Review (SIR) and Site Allocations Local Plan (SALP) (Regulation 19 consultation) are under examination (hearings took place in September and October 2017) and Hearings on the proposed modifications took place in late June 2018.
- 24. The SALP sets out the council's development sites across the district up to 2031. The SALP includes a Policies Map which defines the proposed settlement boundaries, sites and other policy constraints. The SIR and SALP can be given significant weight in the decision making process in respect of this application on the basis that there are no outstanding objections which relate to the areas proposed for development.

- 25. The development plan documents, together with current national planning policy, are material considerations to be taken into account when accessing the above application.
- 26. The latest FHDC assessment of a five year supply of housing land was published on 24th July 2017. This shows the Council has a five year supply of housing, and policies relating to the supply of housing can therefore be considered up to date. The application sites are not included in the Council's five year housing land supply, and therefore would contribute to windfall housing provision that is within the settlement boundary.

Supplementary Planning Documents

- 27. Open Space, Sport and Recreation 2011 Sets out the requirements for the provision of open space, sport and recreation in conjunction with new housing development.
- 28. Joint Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document 2013 this provides further guidance on how to deal with the provision of Affordable Housing.

Officer Comment:

- 29. The issues to be considered in the determination of the application are:
 - Principle of Development
 - Parking and highway impact
 - Design and layout
 - Residential amenity
 - Ecology and open space
 - Planning obligations

Principle of Development

- 30. For decision making purposes, as required by Section 38(6) of the Planning & Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, the Development Plan comprises the Adopted Core Strategy and Development Control Policies Development Plan Document, together with the Site Specific Allocations DPD. Material considerations in respect of national planning policy are the NPPF and the more recently published National Planning Policy Guidance. The starting position for decision taking is therefore that development not in accordance with the development plan should be refused unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The Courts have re-affirmed the primacy of the Development Plan in Development Control decisions.
- 31. The site lies within the settlement boundary of Mildenhall, which is designated as a Market Town in Core Strategy Policy CS1, where the principle of residential development is supported subject to the consideration of other policy criteria. Furthermore, the site is sustainably located having convenient access to local services and facilities and regular bus services connecting to the wider area, including Newmarket, Thetford, Lakenheath and Brandon. This lends further support to the principle of residential development on this site being acceptable.

Parking and Highway Impact

- 32. The application proposes to demolish the existing 61 no. lock-up garages across 3 sites within Peterhouse Close, as well as the removal of associated off-street parking spaces. A total of 8 dwellings are proposed to be built in their place. A total of 53 off-street parking spaces are proposed. The applicant has provided information to show that of the 61 existing garages 35 are currently rented. It is likely that a high percentage of the rented garages are not used to park a motor vehicle, although no firm evidence to prove this has been submitted by the applicant. As a consequence, the applicant has had to provide parking surveys and proposed replacement parking based on a worst case scenario assuming that all 35 rented garages are occupied by a motor vehicle. Effectively therefore, the 35 rented garages are treated as existing parking spaces. Existing on-site 'open air' parking (demarked bays) also count towards any lost parking, and in this case there are 16 such parking spaces. A total of 51 existing parking spaces will be removed.
- 33. It is clear from site visits and from both the applicant's own parking surveys, and from an alternative parking survey undertaken by the Mildenhall Residents Group, that all the sites being put forward by Flagship for redevelopment have levels of parking that are either at capacity, or close to capacity, resulting in significant levels of on-street parking. As Flagship are proposing new dwellings to replace existing garages, an appropriate level of parking is required that provides spaces for the dwellings themselves in accordance with the Suffolk Guidance for Parking (SGP), as well as appropriate parking spaces to replace the existing leased garages being removed. Although the applicant has relied upon the potential for any dispersed parking to be accommodated on the roadside (on-street), it is the view of the Local Highway Authority that on-street parking should not be relied upon to make up any remaining parking shortfall.
- 34. The above methodology and approach to considering the existing and proposed parking arrangements has been used consistently across all five application sites.
- 35. In this case having regard to the SGP, a proposal of 8 dwellings (4 x 1 bed, and 2 x 2 bed and 2 x 3 bed) would require 13 parking spaces. This includes a requirement for 2 visitor spaces. Taken together with the requirement to replace the 51 existing parking (garage) spaces, SCC Highways have requested a total of 64 parking spaces to be provided (51+13).
- 36. This application proposes 23 parking spaces resulting in a parking shortfall of 12 spaces.
- 37. The applicant takes the view that the parking shortfall can be met within the existing on street parking laybys and states the parking surveys have ascertained existing unused spaces. However, even the applicant's own parking survey indicates that there is not enough parking available on street to cater for the shortfall. SCC Highways consider that there is also significant kerb-side parking experienced on this road and it is not accepted that there is sufficient on-street spaces to safely mitigate the loss of off-street parking proposed. They maintain their position that the applicant should provide

sufficient off-street parking to serve the proposed development and retain the existing off-street parking provision. In reaching this conclusion they have had regard to the existing parking situation, the submitted parking surveys and site visits where the existing on-street parking availability was observed.

- 38. SCC Highways has concluded that were the proposed development be approved, it would lead to a severe impact on the highway due to obstructive and inconsiderate parking which would affect all users including emergency service vehicles and pedestrians. On this basis the application is contrary to Joint Development Management Policies DM2 and DM22.
- 39. However, consideration should also be given to the fact that the resulting shortfall in parking is based on a worst case scenario where all 35 existing garages are used to park a motor vehicle in. It is known that far fewer garages are actually used for parking a motor vehicle in, however evidence has not been provided by the applicant to demonstrate exactly how many garages are used in this way. Without an accurate indication of how the garages are currently used a worst case scenario has to be considered.
- 40. The applicant has also indicated that those tenants who currently rent garages will be offered alternative garages located nearby. However, from the information provided showing the capacity and proximity of replacement garages, SCC Highways do not feel they would be suitable for tenants to use for vehicle parking.

Design and layout

- 41. Existing development in Peterhouse Close is characterised by small two-storey terrace houses on small plots interspersed by small garage courts. Most of the development in this and the immediate surrounding area was built in the 1960/70's when the then Greater London Council was granted permission to build houses to re-home families moving from London. Generally, existing dwellings are constructed of buff brick some of which have tile hanging or timber/pvc cladding to the front elevations, with grey roofs. The garage blocks are single storey with flat roofs, again utilising buff brick. All dwellings appear to have rear gardens usually enclosed by brick walls. Several specimen trees are located alongside roads. As well as garage courts there is also a small amount of outside parking in marked parking bays as well as layby parking on street.
- 42. The applicants indicate that the design approach to the development is largely determined by setting and relationship with existing properties, orientation on site, access arrangements, the use of modular design in the dwellings, and consideration of neighbouring residential amenity. Consideration must also be given to the existing pattern of development in the area and the need to integrate and contribute positively to the street scene.
- 43. Dwellings are proposed on 3 small sites following demolition of the existing garages. The scale of the new dwellings would be similar to the existing development, although generally the spans of the dwellings would be larger. An exception to this would be plots 1 to 4, a group of 1 bed maisonettes. Appropriate separation distances have been achieved here and the layout of the dwellings in this context is acceptable. It is not proposed to replicate the

look of the existing houses, but instead to utilise finishes that will enhance the street scene providing fresh modern housing. Rendered finishes, modern grey roof tiles and simple fenestration is proposed. Two-storey dwellings also have a small amount of timber cladding echoing the existing cladding in the area. All dwellings address the street. Each site also includes unallocated parking areas to serve both the new dwellings and to replace the original rented garages.

- 44. Plots 1 to 4 comprise maisonettes gable end on to the rear gardens of nos. 6 to 12 Peterhouse Close. Plots 1 and 2 will be very visible from College Heath Road. The separation distance between the gable end and rear windows of the existing dwelling meets the minimum required.
- 45. Plots 5 and 6 are a pair of semi-detached houses and again will be visible from College Heath Road. Although the scale of development is appropriate for the street scene, these two-storey dwellings are set well forward of the existing building line to no. 43 Peterhouse Close. This results in the majority of the south aspect of the garden to no. 43 being dominated by the gable end of plot 6, causing significant over bearing and over shadowing. There is also the potential for overlooking from a first floor side window serving a landing area (although this could be conditioned to be obscure glazed). The overbearing and overshadowing nature of this plot is considered poor design and is contrary to Joint Development Management Policies DM2 and DM22 in this regard.
- 46. Plots 7 and 8 although larger in span, continue the building line of the existing development and also successfully address the street frontage.
- 47. Clearly the applicants have attempted to make best use of the space available to them to provide additional housing as well as removing unsightly and underused garage blocks. As amended, their proposed plans generally provide the required levels of amenity and will enhance the appearance of the individual garage sites. However, the need to accommodate dwellings, garden areas, and off-street parking has resulted in plots 5 and 6 causing significant over bearing and over shadowing impacts. In this respect these plots perform poorly in terms of design and appearance. The loss of 3 street trees and a small group of trees (discussed at paragraph 58 below) without replacement also counts against the scheme.

Residential amenity

- 48. Direct impacts on existing residential amenity have been considered as follows:
 - Plots 1 to 4 no significant harm as dwellings respect scale, form and the building line of the neighbouring dwellings
 - Plots 5 and 6 significant harm in respect of overbearing and overshadowing to no. 43 Peterhouse Close
 - Plots 7 and 8 no significant harm as dwellings respect scale, form and the building line of the neighbouring dwellings
- 49. Taking into account the above, due to the harmful overbearing and overshadowing impact to no. 43 Peterhouse Close, the proposal fails to accord with the relevant requirements of Joint Development Management

(JDM) Policies DM2 and DM22 with respect to the impact on neighbouring amenity.

Ecology and open space

- 50. As required by JDM Policy DM10, development proposals must be assessed having regard to their likely impact on sites of biodiversity importance and in consultation with Natural England and other specialist consultees. Proposals that would adversely affect the integrity of areas of international conservation importance (in this case Breckland Special Protection Area (SPA) and the Breckland Forest Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)) need to be determined in accordance with the Conservation of Habitats and Species regulations (2010 as amended) (Habitat Regulations).
- 51. JDM Policy DM12 requires all new development where it is demonstrated that it will contribute towards recreational disturbance and visitor pressure within the Breckland SPA will be required to make appropriate contributions through S106 agreements towards management projects and/or monitoring of visitor pressure and urban effects on key biodiversity sites.
- 52. Natural England has commented that the proposals are unlikely to have a direct impact on the nearby SPA and SSSI. However, in accordance with the Habitat Regulations they draw the Council's attention to the need for appropriate onsite and strategic green infrastructure to protect the forest elements of the Breckland SPA from cumulative recreational impacts. All five applications (and any further residential or parking applications in this location) need to be considered in-combination as they are in close proximity to each other and to the Breckland SPA. Recreational disturbance to Nightjar and Woodlark, the qualifying species of the Breckland SPA and Breckland Forest Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), needs careful consideration.
- 53. Developments within a 7.5km radius have potential to cause increased visitor numbers to the Breckland SPA, which can lead to recreational disturbance. Although Natural England is of the opinion that there will not be significant recreational effects to the above sites arising from each proposed development alone, the cumulative impact from 41 new dwellings means that there is a risk within this radius, particularly as the sites are within 1km, of likely cumulative recreational impacts to the SSSI and SPA in the future. It is important therefore to ensure that residential applications within this distance have sufficient green infrastructure to allow recreational activities on site and that there is strategic green infrastructure in settlements to support residents.
- 54. Core Strategy Policy CS13 and JDM Policy DM42 also has a requirement for new residential development to provide for suitable open space, and ordinarily on major development this is provided on-site, or as a financial contribution in lieu of this towards enhanced or new provision elsewhere.
- 55. The ecological information submitted with the planning application does not consider the potential for recreational impacts upon the SPA arising from the occupation of the proposed development. The application proposals, if left unmitigated, would in combination with the likely increase recreational pressure upon the Breckland Special Protection area and add to existing detrimental effects upon the species of interest (the woodland component of the Special Protection Area in particular).

- 56. Factoring in the policy required open space and the requirement for consideration of the cumulative impact on the SPA, discussions have taken place with the applicant with a view to providing mitigation in the form of enhancements to the existing recreational open space located just to the east of Pembroke Close and to the north of Emmanuel Close and Downing Close. Improvements to the existing play area, footpaths and signage will help to encourage the use of this area for general recreation and dog walking, and reducing the future pressure on the use of areas within the SPA.
- 57. Subject to a planning obligation to secure the above mitigation, and following an appropriate assessment in accordance with the Habitat Regulations having been undertaken concluding that there would be no significant impact on the SPA, the proposal accords with Joint Development Management Policies DM10 and DM13. (Note:- The in-combination impacts will reduce where applications are refused, therefore the financial contribution towards providing the above mitigation will be calculated having regard to the number of applications approved.)
- 58. The proposal does require the removal of 3 street trees and two small groups of trees. Whilst this level of tree removal is not in itself significant, when other tree removal is taken into account for the proposed development of 41 dwellings, the proposals would result in a number of trees of public amenity value in an area that otherwise has poor canopy cover. No replacement street planting is proposed, and therefore this must weight against the scheme when having regard to criterion (g) of Joint Development Management Policy DM2.

Planning Obligations

- 59. Following the order of the Court of Appeal dated 13 May 2016, which gave legal effect to the policy set out in the Written Ministerial Statement of 28 November 2014; there are specific circumstances where contributions for affordable housing and tariff style planning obligations (section 106 planning obligations) should not be sought from small scale and self-build development. In this case, contributions should not be sought from developments of 10-units or less, and which have a maximum combined gross floor space of no more than 1000sqm. In this case the total floor space being created across all 8 plots is less than 1000sqm. Therefore on this occasion, there is no policy requirement for developer obligations, including the requirement for affordable housing (Policy CS9).
- 60. However notwithstanding this, the developer has indicated that all dwellings will be provided as affordable dwellings, and they have agreed to sign up to a Unilateral Undertaking/Section 106 to ensure this. Although the Officers are supportive of this approach, and indeed it accords with the request of the Council's Housing Strategy Officer, the provision of affordable housing is not required by policy and cannot be a material consideration in the determination of this planning application. However, the contribution towards general housing supply is a material consideration that members can give weight to in the planning balance.

Other matters:

61. Noise – The Council has, through a memorandum of understanding, agreed with the MOD that that a "brief acoustic design statement" should be submitted with the planning application and that it should demonstrate that the building envelope sound insulation of the proposed dwellings meets the following condition:

"The acoustic insulation of the dwelling units within the proposed development shall be such to ensure noise levels with windows closed do not exceed an LAeq(16hrs) of 35dB(A) within bedrooms and living rooms between 07:00 and 23:00hrs and an LAeq(8hrs) of 30dB(A) within bedrooms and living rooms between 23:00 and 07:00hrs."

- 62. Officers are satisfied that the above condition ensures that an acceptable internal noise levels can be achieved, negating the need for a further noise assessment at this stage. With respect to external noise levels in gardens, the Council's memorandum of understanding agrees that an informative be attached to any permission stating that "The developer and future occupiers of the dwellings approved by this planning permission are informed that they will from time to time see and hear military aircraft operating from RAF Lakenheath & RAF Mildenhall when constructing and occupying their properties."
- 63. Subject to the above condition a satisfactory level of residential amenity can be achieved in accordance with Joint Development Management Policy DM2 in this regard.
- 64. Energy efficiency JDM Policy DM7 states that;
 - "All proposals for new development including the re-use or conversion of existing buildings will be expected to adhere to broad principles of sustainable design and construction and optimise energy efficiency through the use of design, layout, orientation, materials, insulation and construction techniques...In particular, proposals for new residential development will be required to demonstrate that appropriated water efficiency measures will be employed... All new developments will be expected to include details in the Design and Access statement (or separate energy statement) of how it is proposed that the site will meet the energy standards set out within national Building Regulations. In particular, any areas in which the proposed energy strategy might conflict with other requirements set out in this Plan should be identified and proposals for resolving this conflict outlined."
- 65. The applicant intends to consider sustainability measures through their design approach. The submitted Design & Access Statements describe that the applicant proposes modular, off-site construction in "selected" materials, to be installed using "modern construction methods" in a "sustainable way". The applicant states within their Design & Access statement that they are seeking to "reduce energy consumption". However, no further details have been submitted to substantiate this, and in order to demonstrate compliance with Policy DM7 then the applicant's sustainability strategy should be suitably specified, perhaps in an accompanying Energy Statement, which may then be secured by appropriate conditions. Likewise, there are currently insufficient details in order to ascertain whether or not the approach proposed meets the

- energy standards set out in national Building Regulations, (in accordance with Policy DM7 requirements).
- 66. Although the above lack of evidence of energy efficiency is not it itself a reason to refuse the development, the Council has an ambition to encourage the aspirations for energy efficiency levels in buildings as well as the uptake of renewable energy technologies, especially renewable heat and district heating. It is taking an active approach to encourage rather than regulate and may be able to provide technical and financial support, and is available to discuss options with the applicant to see how/if the Council may be able to support a wider aspiration for renewable energy in these buildings or in the local area.
- 67. In respect of water efficiency, all new residential development should demonstrate a water consumption level of no more that 100 litres per day (including external water use). This is reflective of Part G2 of the Building Regulations. Accordingly, a condition shall be applied to the planning permission to ensure that the above water consumption level is achieved.

Conclusion:

- 68. The development would lead to a shortfall of parking provision that would have to be accommodated on the highway network. Taking into account the existing parking pressures in the area it is felt that this additional on-street parking would lead to a severe impact on the highway due to obstructive and inconsiderate parking which would affect all users including emergency service vehicles and pedestrians. On this basis the application is contrary to Joint Development Management Policies DM2 and DM22.
- 69. Due to the harmful overbearing and overshadowing impact to no. 43 Peterhouse Close, the proposal fails to accord with the relevant requirements of Joint Development Management (JDM) Policies DM2 and DM22 with respect to the impact on neighbouring amenity.
- 70. It is acknowledged that the proposal would provide for benefits in terms of the contribution towards housing supply, potential for job creation during the construction phase and enhanced local expenditure. However, these benefits do not outweigh the harm identified above and the application does not represent sustainable development and is contrary to Joint Development Management Policies DM2, and DM22. The application should therefore be refused.

Recommendation:

- 71.It is recommended that planning permission be **REFUSED** for the following reasons:
- 1. The development would lead to a shortfall of parking provision that would have to be accommodated on the highway network. Taking into account the existing parking pressures in the area, this additional on-street parking would lead to a severe impact on the highway due to obstructive and inconsiderate parking which would affect all users including emergency service vehicles and pedestrians. On this basis the application is contrary to Joint Development Management Policies DM2 and DM22 and paragraphs 9 and 17 of the NPPF.

2. Due to the harmful overbearing and overshadowing impact to no. 43 Peterhouse Close, the proposal fails to accord with the relevant requirements of Joint Development Management (JDM) Policies DM2 and DM22 and paragraphs 9 and 17 of the NPPF with respect to the consideration of neighbouring residential amenity.

Documents:

All background documents including application forms, drawings and other supporting documentation relating to this application can be viewed online $\frac{DC}{17/2588}$